

Year 2010

URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATORS

■ Urban waste collection was of 609.5 kg per inhabitant, an increase of 0.9% in comparison with 2009 after three years of a decreasing trend.

■ The percentage of recycled waste, out of the total about of urban waste, was of 31.7%, up by 1.4 percentage points from the previous year.

■ Regarding recycled waste, the excellent performances of Pordenone, Novara and Carbonia were contrasted by the negative achievements of three Sicilian provincial capitals: Messina, Siracusa and Enna.

■ Per capita water consumption for domestic use was of 66.7 m³ per inhabitant, down by 1.9% from 2009, showing a continuation of the contraction in water use recorded in the last nine years.

■ Regarding atmospheric pollution, the average number of days in which the threshold for human protection from PM₁₀ was surpassed continued to fall (44.6 days), nearly ten days less that 2009 (54.1).

■ Per capita gas consumption for domestic and heating use rose by 4.7% against the previous year, while there was only a slight fall in the domestic use of electric energy (-0.3%).

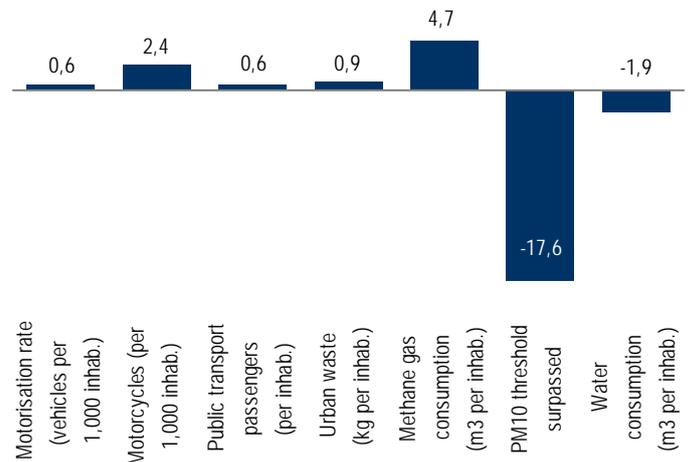
■ Turin, Mantua, Pescara and Iglesias approved acoustic zoning in their municipal territories in 2010.

■ Public transport in provincial capitals transported an overall 228.6 travellers per inhabitant, with a rise of 0.6% in comparison with 2009.

■ Each inhabitant in the 116 provincial capitals had access to 106.4m² of green areas under public management, 3.1 m² more for each inhabitant than in 2000.

■ Lastly, the use of solar panels installed on municipal buildings rose: average electric power, which reached 1.1 kW for each 1,000 inhabitants in 2010, recorded an increase of 114.9% against 2009.

SELECTED INDICATORS FOR PRESSURE FACTORS AND ENVIRONMENTAL PRESSURE FOR PROVINCIAL CAPITALS AS A GROUP. 2010/2009 percentage variation



APPLICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MEASURES BY PROVINCIAL CAPITALS. Year 2010, percentage composition

